King Arthur Pendragon RPG AN ALTERNATE ECONOMICS SYSTEM FOR 4E

By W. F. Hostman

Rationale

I needed, for my own purposes, a system that let me know what went where and how big it was. Moreover, I wanted more reasons to spend PC money, and needed it in a system that was relatively easy for me to grasp. So, I did some research, and hybridized elements of *Lordly Domains* and *Noble's Book*. While not mentioned, each major building taks 1-2 acres, and each ring of wall also takes 1 acre per 10 acres enclosed, and adds to the space taken by the town/city.

This work is subject to frequent tweaking.

	Income									
Туре	Income	Residential size	Fields Size	Notes						
City Pop	1£G per own pop 0.5£G per subordinate town Pop	1-3 acres per pop	1 hyde per pop.	Minimum size = 8. Subordinate towns must have total pop between to the city pop and twice the city pop. City must also have their own villages as well.						
Town Pop	1£G per pop	2-3 acres per pop		Total Villages must be between TP+1 and 5*TP, excess are lost. Note that 5 of every 6 TP are working the town's fields.						
Farming Villages	1£F each	2-4 acres per pop	2 hydes each.	(50% fallow)						
Fishing Villages	1£F each	2-4 acres per pop	1 hyde each.	10-20 boats. Must be along water.						
Herding Villages	1£F each	2-4 acres per pop	6 hydes each.	Mostly graze land. Rocky, scrub, or moorland at double field size.						
Mining Villages	1£C each	2-4 acres per pop	1 hyde each.							
Town Rights	√(Town Pop)£C per town	none	None							
City Rights	√(CityPop)£C +∑(Towns' Pops)£C	none	None							
Lord's Portion	1£F each.	None	1 per each	Usually by the Manor. Must Not Exceed Total Town Pop plus Total Villages						
Extra Goods and	Extra Bights can be developed ine	her can exceed th	ne town/	Work Limit: a lord can build no more than his Town Pon in £ of skilled labor						

Extra Goods and Extra Rights can be developed, neither can exceed the town/ cty Pop.

Residents: Each town or city pop is roughly 120 people, or 24 families. Each village is roughly 100 people, or 20 families.

Work Limit: a lord can build no more than his Town Pop in £ of skilled labor projects per year. A lord may build without penalty no more than his town pop in £ of unskilled labor projects per year; each village which is used produces no income that year, but allows spending an extra £.

			<u>xpenses</u>
	General E	Expenses	
Categpry	Annual	Notes	
Upkeep of Lands:	TP+CP		
Upkeep of Castles:	DV/10		Pe
Tithe:	10%	May be waived if only a single manor	Sta
Tax:	10%	is held with total income under £7	
Lord's Upkeep:	Variable		Eli
Household Knights Upkeep:	variable		Se
Men At Arms Upkeep:	1£ per 10		36
Extra Squires:	1£ ea		
Officers	Variable	See Below	Ba
Unkoon Tithee and toxee abo		adad to 1/C. At the CMIs entionthe	

Upkeep, Tithes and taxes should be rounded to $\rlap{\sc blue}{2} \pounds$. At the GM's option the nearest shilling.

Knight Maintenance	Normal	Minimum	KV	Modifiers
Impoverished	1£F/1£G	0.5£F/0.5£G	0.2	-15 CB/CS/AS
Poor	2£F/2£G	1£F/1£G	0.5	-3 CB/CS/AS
Average	3£F/3£G	2£F/2£G	1	Default
Wealthy	4£F/4£G	3£F/3£G	1	+1 CB, +0 CS, +0 HS
Rich	5£F/5£G	4£F/4£G	2	+3 CB, +1 CS, +0 HS
Superlative	6£F/6£G	5£F/5£G	3	+5 CB, +3 CS, +2 HS

Minimum can only be used for a Landed Knight or Castellan if the wife has the gentlewoman bonus. Household Knights can be funded at that rate at all times. Special additional costs, like tournaments, may be stipulated in the holding.

Officers															
Pay			Key SI		Typical officers										
Class	5-15	16-20	21-25		31-35										
Peasant	1⁄4£	½£	¾£	£1	£1	Crier, baliff, ree									
Standard	1£	2£	3£	4£	5£	Steward, Heral Mistress, Clerk Castellan, Mus	, Marshal, ician, Lawyer								
Elite	2£	3£	4£	5£	6£	Chirurgeon, Se									
Sec. Skill	+0	+¼£	+½£	+¾£	+1£	Musician, Cast	ellan, Seneshale								
Offic	er	Ту	pe		Key S	kills	Secondary Only								
Baliff		F	2		Stewa	ard									
Crier		F)		Ora	e									
Doorman		F	·		Recog	nize									
Reeve		F	·		Indus	try									
Wetnurse		F	·		Non	e*									
Chirurgeo	n	5	3		Chirur	jeon									
Clerk		5	3		Rea	d									
Herald		5	3		Heraldry Recog		Recognize								
Musician		1 5	3	Si	ng, Play	r, Orate									
Chaplain			; [Relig	ion									
Marshal		l k		Battle											
Steward		l k		Stewardship											
Castellan		j k		Siege											
Senescha		j k		StewardBattle,		StewardBattle, Siege		StewardBattle, Siege		StewardBattle, Siege		StewardBattle, Sieg		tle, Siege	
Mistress		?	· [Lust	ful	Flirting								

Of these, A household knight may be left as castellan during an absence without pay. A household or vassal knight may serve as seneschal, but the pay is in addition to their normal. Knights will not hold specialist offices, but those skilled in music may perform for the glory of it. Seneschal is the Lord's direct assistant in all things relating to the fief.

Construction

					00
Туре	Cost to Build 1P	Produces	Residential Acres	Fields Hydes	Inhabitants per Pop
City Pop	15	F, G*, CF	1-3	1	120
Town Pop	10	F, G*, CF	2-3	1	120
Farming Village	5	F	2-4	2	100
Fishing Village	5	F	2-4	1	100
Herding Village	5	F	2-4	6	100
Mining Village	10	С	2-4	1	100
Abbey, remote	5	none	1-2	2	0-120
Abbey, urban	5	none	2-4	0	0-120
Extra Goods	2	G	0	0	0
Extra Rights	3	С	0	0	0

Village to a Large Village

Simply build another village pop. No savings, because while certain buildings (the village chapel, the common hall) are not duplicated, the extra fences, lost space, and likelihood of a tavern make up for it. A village of pop 4 will acquire a check in hate lord for eachh year they are not promoted to a town.

Village to a Town

The cost is about 5£ per pop. This includes adding an inn, market square, court hall, and improving the roads. Towns can range up to about pop 15. A number of villages nearby must be present or built to support the town, per the minimmum of Town Pop +1.

Note that there is no requirement for a town to be subordinated to a city.

Town to a City

The population must be at least 8, there must be a Royal Charter, and the cost is about 5£ per point of town pop. Axiomatically, the town also should be walled prior to acquiring a city status. There must be another town within 40 miles.

City to Great City

Population over 20. Must have other towns with total town pop amongst them equal to the city pop.

<u>Working it Out</u>									
Туре	Formula	Harvest?	Notes						
Food Income	sum of: Farming, Fishing, Herding, Lord's Portion	Yes	Subject to rats.						
Goods Income	Town Pop	Yes	Subject to rot						
Coin Income	Square Root of Town Pop	No	taxes						
Court Fees	Total Pop of town/city -3 1/3 vassals' CF	no	1/3 must be passed to liege						
City Goods Bonus	half sum of subordinate towns' Pops, to max of own pop.	No							
City Rights Bonus	sum of subordinate towns' Pops, to max of own pop.	No	Taxes on goods						

A monastery or abbey is a special case. It counts, generally, as a village. Most are farming or herding. They must have a chapel, and can attain up to pop 7. They may have subordinate villages, as if a town, and generate court fees in such a case, but those fees go to the Bishop, not the local lord. Monasteries (and their villages) produce no income for a local landlord - they are free from local taxes. Each time one spends to improve a monastery, however, one gains a check in Love God.

Some powerful monasteries have manors with vassal knights. The landlord for those vassal knights is the abbot. They answer to the abbot, then the bishop, then the king.

Almost all cities have an abbey within them. Those urban abbeys are usually 1 acre, plus 1-3 acres of small gardens, and is supported by donations. Such an abbey is free when a town converts to a city; the cost is in case of rebuilding if destroyed in a raid, or when added to an extant town. Urban abbeys generally have 1d6 monks per 2 town or 2 city pop. (use 1d3 for the remainder.)

Upgrading a...

Merging of multiple extant facilities Absorbing Villages

A village surrounded by a town may be absorbed for about $1d6\pounds$ per village pop. A successful steward roll by an overseeing steward can reduce this do $1d3\pounds$ per village pop. A fumbled steward roll results in half the pop being lost, and the costs being $1d3+3\pounds$ per village pop.

A hunting or farming village surrounded by a city is automatically eliminated. The population is lost. A steward can move the village for 1d3£ per village pop. A Fishing or mining village likewise would be absorbed, but mechanically, turns into city fishing or mining rights... The pop is lost, but the income is not.

Absorbing Towns A large city may eventually absorb a nearby town. The cost is 5£ per town pop

Absorbing Monasteries

Monasteries do not get abosorbed. A surrounded monastery can't grow, but is otherwise unaffected.

<u>Default Manor</u>									
Туре	Number	Food	Goods	Coin	Notes				
Town	1	0	1	1	Includes Rights				
Farming Villages	2	2	0	0					
Herding Villages	2	1	0	0					
Lord's Portion	1	1	0	0					
Manor hall	1	0	0	0	DV=2				
Total	5	1	1						
Upkeep	0	1	0						

	Measurement Standards
Acre	10 Square Chains
Chain	22 yd, or 66'. Square is 484 sq yd or 4356sf
Day's Ride	For our purposes, 40 miles give or take a couple. It is important in defining the demense.
Foot	The modern foot. The Roman foot is a touch smaller.
Hyde	roughly 100 acres.
Traditional English Mile	5000feet. A square mile is 574 acres but this is not the only mile in use.
Statute Mile	5280 Feet. A square mile is 640 acres.
Old English Mile	About 6500 feet. A square mile is about 970 acres.
Roman Mile	About 4850 modern feet (5000 Roman Feet). Squared, about 540 acres
Scots Mile	Roughly 5928 modern feet. Squared, about 807 Acres.
Kilometer	3280.84', square is 247.11 acre, or 2.5 hydes

Recommended Drawing

Detail Scale

Use ½ statute mile squares. Each square is 0.04 square miles, and so 4 squares per hyde works nicely.

Up to half of the land may be left fallow in bad terrain...

Close Scale

Use 1 mile squares, Statute or English. A village is a dot, except for Herding villages, which are a square; a town or city is 1 square per 6 hydes (staute) or 5.5 hydes (English).

Handy Tables Math

13 14 15

1½ 1½ 1½

31/2 31/2

Рор	1	2	3
Root, ½£	1	11/2	1½
Root, ¹ / ₄ £	1	11/2	1¾
10%. ½£	0	0	01/2
10%, ¼£	0	0¼	01/4

Nominal Towns:

Villages = 2x TP LP = TP

4 5 6 7

2 2 21/2 21/2

2

01/2

21/4

01/2 01/2 0¾ 0¾

01/2 01/2

21/2 **2¾ 2¾** 3 31/4 31/4 31/2 31/2 3¾

01/2 01/2 8

3

1 1

9 10

3 31/2 31/2

3

1 1 1 11/4

11 12

1 1

1

2 11/4 11/2 11/2 1½ 1¾ 1¾ Nominal Cities:

17

4

4 41/2

16

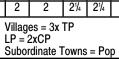
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4 4 41/4 41/4

11/2 1½ 2 2

4

3¾



18 19 20-21 22

41/2

41/2

2

41/2

4¾

2 21/2

21/4 21/4

5

4¾

23 24-26 27 28 29

5

51/4 51/4 5½ 51/2

21/2 3 3 3

2¾ **2¾**

5

5

21/2

21/2

51/2 51/2 51/2

> 3 3

30

	Ra	nge						
TP	Vil	LP	Gd	Rt	CF	Total	Min	Max
1	2	1	1	1	0	5	4	15
2	4	2	2	1½	0	9 ½	6½	29½
3	6	3	3	1½	0	13½	8 ½	43½
4	8	4	4	2	1	19	12	59
5	10	5	5	2	2	24	15	74
6	12	6	6	21/2	3	29½	18 ½	89 ½
7	14	7	7	21/2	4	34½	21½	104½
8	16	8	8	3	5	40	25	120
9	18	9	9	3	6	45	28	135
10	20	10	10	3	7	50	31	150
11	22	11	11	31/2	8	55½	34½	165½
12	24	12	12	31/2	9	60½	37 ½	180½
13	26	13	13	31/2	10	65½	40 ½	195 ½
14	28	14	14	31/2	11	70 ½	43 ½	210½
15	30	15	15	4	12	76	47	226
16	32	16	16	4	13	81	50	241

The table of Miles										
Type of	Linear	Per S	q. Mile	Grids per Hyde in Sq. of X mile						ile
Mile Feet		Acres	Hydes	1/10	1/8	1/6	1/5	1/4	1/3	1/2
Roman	4850'	540	5 ½	37	11.9	6.7	4.6	3	1.7	0.7
Trad. English	5000'	574	5 ¾	34.8	11.1	6.3	4.4	2.8	1.6	0.7
Statute	5280'	640	6 ½	31.3	10	5.6	3.9	2.5	1.4	0.6
Scots	5928'	807	8	24.8	7.9	4.5	3.1	2	1.1	0.5
Old English	6500'	970	9 ¾	20.6	6.6	3.7	2.6	1.6	0.9	3.5
kilometer	3281'	247	2 1/2	81	25.9	14.6	10.1	6.5	3.6	4.2

Knight Maintenance										
Knight Maintenance	Normal	Minimum	KV	Modifiers						
Impoverished	1£F/1£G	0.5£F/0.5£G	0.2	-15 CB/CS/AS						
Poor	2£F/2£G	1£F/1£G	0.5	-3 CB/CS/AS						
Average	3£F/3£G	2£F/2£G	1	Default						
Wealthy	4£F/4£G	3£F/3£G	1	+1 CB, +0 CS, +0 HS						
Rich	5£F/5£G	4£F/4£G	2	+3 CB, +1 CS, +0 HS						
Superlative	6£F/6£G	5£F/5£G	3	+5 CB, +3 CS, +2 HS						
Normal: Lord, Vassal, o	r Castellan	Minimum:	Hous	sehold or Gentlewoman						

		No	minal Cit	ies			Ra	nge
TP	Vil	LP	Gd	Rt	CF	Total	Min	Max
8	24	16	12	11	5	68	37	136
9	27	18	13½	12	6	76 ½	28	153
10	30	20	15	13	7	85	31	170
11	33	22	16 ½	14 ½	8	94	34½	187½
12	36	24	18	1 5½	9	102½	37½	204½
13	39	26	19 ½	16 ½	10	111	40 ½	221½
14	42	28	21	17 ½	11	119½	43 ½	238½
15	45	30	221/2	19	12	128½	47	256
16	48	32	24	20	13	137	50	273
17	51	34	25 ½	21	14	145½	53	290
18	54	36	27	22	15	154	56	307
19	57	38	28½	231/2	16	163	59 ½	324½
20	60	40	30	24½	17	171 ½	621/2	341½
21	63	42	31 ½	25½	18	180	65½	358½
22	66	44	33	26½	19	188½	68 ½	375½
23	69	46	34½	28	20	197 ½	72	393

		Costs to	Build		
Туре	Cost to Build 1P	Produces	Residential Acres	Fields Hydes	Inhabitants per Pop
City Pop	15	F, G*, CF	1-3	1	120
Town Pop	10	F, G*, CF	2-3	1	120
Farming Village	5	F	2-4	2	100
Fishing Village	5	F	2-4	1	100
Herding Village	5	F	2-4	6	100
Mining Village	10	С	2-4	1	100
Abbey, remote	5	none	1-2	2	0-120
Abbey, urban	5	none	2-4	0	0-120
Extra Goods	2	G	0	0	0
Extra Rights	3	C	0	0	0

ALTERNATE ECO	N SYSTEM-	- Man	OR	PLA	YER						CHARA	CTE	R			
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Town's Name 		Income	Town Pop #=		arm	Villa Fish 	Η	lerd =£F	Mine #=£C	Lord's Portion #=£F		vn hts £C	Court Fees £C	□ in Tow □ near T		
	Description					t <i>ored</i>	ioods Food	TownPo CtFees	<i>Res</i> op ≤ Tot = (TwPo	<i>trictions</i> Vil op −3)	TotVil ⊴ LdPort	<i>ulae</i> ≤ 5x ≤ 5x			of the Land r Assigned	
Good					0% inco £ £ £	(any) F G	=TP	□ Self □ □ □ □	Service _ Knights _ Squires _ Sergea _ Men At	s s ints : Arms	□ Main □ Main □ Host □ Defe	tain _ tain _ a Lo nd ag	Addition cal Tourna house house men cal Hunt An gainst	ehold knigh at arms nually	nts	
Town Works			Ring	A	Irea	DV			Works				Ring	Area	DV	

ALTERNATE EC	CON SYSTEM -	— Manc	DR	PLAYER						CHARAC	TER			
Holder Liege Title (IF ANY)				Loyalty Lo Love Lord Hate Lord			Loyalty I Loyalty V		0			Gift □ egency □	(Heritable) (Lifetime) (Umtil Heir (Until reliev	assumes)
Town's Name 			Town Pop #=§	Farm	Fish	й Н		_ Mine #=£C	Lord's Portion #=£F	n Righ		Court Fees £C	₩ □ in Town □ near To □	
	Description			S	I	Food	CtFees	op ≤ Tot = (TwPo	Vil op –3)	s & Formu TotVil ≤ LdPort ≤ TownRts	5x To 5x To	ownPop		of the Land Assigned
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Town Works			Ring	Area	DV		Manor V	Vorks				Ring	Area	DV

ALTERNATE ECON SYST	TEM – MANOR P2 PLAYE	R	CHARACTER
Manor	Sheet		Years
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ALTERNATE ECON SYSTEM – MANOR P2			CHARACTER
	Sheet		Years
Projects	£ Start	Finish	Notes
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ALTERNATE ECON SYSTE	EM — ESTATE	PLAYER				CHARACTER									
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6 7 8 9															
Incor Description	-	#=£G Stored		#= £F #= £ TownPop ≤	Restrictio	ons & Formula	e	£C	f the Land						
			Food	CtFees = (TownRts ≥	TwPop –3 √TownPo) LdPort $\leq 5x$ p TownRts \leq	x TownPop TownPop		Assigned						
Figured Income £G Famine Poor/Terrible Good Excellent Superlative		_ □£G _ □ £C		□ Self □ Ki □ Sc □ Sc □ M	p rvice nights quires ergeants len At Arms	 □ Maintain □ Maintain □ Host a Lost a Defend a 	ocal Tourna hous men ocal Hunt An		5						
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 Town 2	Works Rin		 	 Town 7			Works Ring	Area	 						
 Town 3	Works Rin			 Town 8			Works Ring	 Area	 DV						
 Town 4	Works Rin	g Area DV	/ /	Town 9			Works Ring	Area	DV						

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Root, ½£	1	1½	11/2	2	2	21/2	2½	3	3	3	3½	31/2	31/2	31/2	4	4	4	4 4	41/2	41/2	41/2	5	5	5	5½	5½	5½
Root, ¼£ 10%. ½£	1	1½	1¾ 0½	2 0½	2¼ 0½	2½ 0½	2¾ 0½	2¾	3	31/4	3¼	3½	3½ 1½	3¾ 1½	3¾ 1½	4 1½	4 11		4¼ 2	4½ 2	4¾	4¾ 2½	5 2½	5¼ 2½	5¼ 3	5½	5½
10%. ½£ 10%, ¼£	0	0 0¼	0½ 0¼	01/2	0½ 0½	0½ 0½	0½ 0¾	1 0¾	1	1	1	1 1¼	1 ½ 1¼	1½ 1½	1½ 1½	1½ 1½		½ 2 ¾ 1¾	2	2	2 2¼	2½ 2¼	2½ 2½	2½ 2¾	3 2¾	3 3	3 3
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ALTERNATE ECON SYSTEM – PROJECTS	Player		CHARACTER							
<i>Holding Data</i> Holder		Holding Description	Page Data Start Year End Year							
Liege Title (IF ANY)			End YearSheet Number							
Project		Where	Projec	t Steward	£	Start	Finish			
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